Ealing Together Fund - Areas with relatively high levels of deprivation

This document contains extracts from Deprivation in Ealing, A report on the English Indices of Deprivation 2019. If a project is located, or providing for those, in an area which has relatively high levels of deprivation (see wards in shades of red, and deciles 1-5, the darker shades of red, in the map below) it will be given bonus scores depending on how strongly it aligns with the council's priorities. For campaigns being run in all other areas the projects will be assessed on their fit to the fund's criteria only.

Table 2: The 3 Most and 3 Least Deprived Wards in Ealing (out of 23) based on Scores for: Overall Index of Multiple Deprivation, 7 Domains, IDACI and IDAOPI (2019)

Rank	Overall Index (IMD)	Income	Employ'nt	Education	Health & disability	Crime	Barriers to Services & Housing	Living Env't	IDACI	IDAOPI
1	Northolt West End	Northolt West End	Norwood Green	Southall Green	Norwood Green	Northolt West End	Northolt West End	Walpole	Northolt West End	Northolt West End
2	Norwood Green	Norwood Green	Northolt West End	Southall Broadway	South Acton	Southall Broadway	Southall Broadway	East Acton	Norwood Green	Southall Green
3	Southall Broadway	Southall Green	Southall Broadway	Northolt West End	Northolt West End	Ealing Common	Norwood Green	South Acton	East Acton	Southall Broadway
3	Walpole	Southfield	Southfield	Southfield	Southfield	North Greenford	Southfield	Northolt West End	Southfield	Southfield
2	Southfield	Hanger Hill	Hanger Hill	Walpole	North Greenford	Hanger Hill	Walpole	Northolt Mandeville	Hanger Hill	Hanger Hill
1	Northfield	Northfield	Northfield	Northfield	Hanger Hill	Perivale	Northfield	Lady Margaret	Northfield	Northfield

Data source: LG Inform, Local Government Association, November 2019

Uses of the Indices

The Indices of Deprivation can be used for the following purposes:

- · Comparing small areas across England
- · Identifying the most deprived small areas
- Exploring the domains (or types) of deprivation
- Comparing larger areas e.g. local authorities
- · Looking at changes in relative deprivation between versions

However, there are a number of things that the Indices cannot be used for:

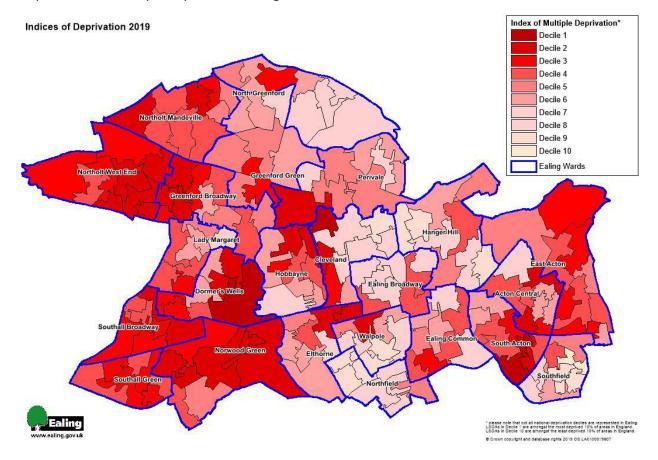
- · Quantifying how deprived a small area is
- · Identifying deprived people
- · Saying how affluent a place is
- Comparing with small areas in other UK countries (i.e. other than England)
- · Measuring real change in deprivation over time

Further information on usage of the Indices of Deprivation is available in chapter 3 of MHCLG's research report.¹

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¹ Ministry of Housing, Communities and Local Government, *The English Indices of Deprivation 2019: Research Report (2019), pp.19-33.*

Map of Index of Multiple Deprivation, Ealing LSOAs 2019



For copies of the full report please contact Evelyn Gloyn gloyne@ealing.gov.uk